The Difference Between Incentive Types – Statutory Incentives Vs. Negotiated Incentives

Statutory Incentives

Statutory incentives are the type almost all corporations pursue and obtain. Tax departments and tax advisors are good at this.

- 1. These incentives are required to be offered to all on the same basis.
- 2. More specifically, to earn the incentive:
 - a. what a company has to do is spelled out
 - b. the value of the incentive is the same for all performing the activity
 - c. the process is usually to <u>fill out a form after the occurrence of the activity</u>
 - d. then submit the form with a tax return or in some cases to first get a tax credit certificate which is then attached to the tax return

3. Examples:

- a. Tax credit for every new job added
- b. Tax credit for training employees (six states)
- c. Tax credit for investments

Negotiated Incentives

On the other hand, <u>negotiated incentives are discretionary</u> on the part of the offering entity which is state, county or city/town governments.

- 1. Whether the incentive is offered is up to the offering entity.
- 2. The amount offered is usually up to the offering entity
- 3. Often the terms and conditions are also the responsibility of the offering entity
- 4. While there often is standardization or limits these are still highly discretionary.
- 5. To obtain, a company will indicate in advance:
 - a. the need for the incentives
 - b. what it will do that could qualify for incentives